# Demographic Data on Textbooks and Usage Statistics: Implications for Textbook Cost-saving Analysis 

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## Textbook Study and Data Analyses

$\square$ Objectives

- To better understand demographic data on textbooks and usage
- To better understand textbook format preferences
- To better understand textbook buying patterns
- To help us assess student savings when more widely adopting electronic textbooks on campus
- Methodology (Data Source and Data Collection)
- Michigan Textbook Data, Fall 2011 (large enrollment courses)
- Student Survey, Winter 2012: 2,583 students in 6 large enrollment courses were invited to take a survey; $30 \%$ response rate.

Textbook Usage and Data Distribution in Large Enrollment Courses (>200), Fall 2011

## Summary of Findings

- 4,500-5,500 textbook data entries are made via Wolverine Access on Ann Arbor campus each semester.
- In Fall 2011, 5,159 textbooks were assigned as either required or optional readings on Ann Arbor campus.
- In 122 large enrollment courses (>200 students), 331 textbooks were assigned to students in fall 2011.
- In total, there are 75,227 students were registered in those 122 large enrollment courses. (Note: Some students can be counted multiple times.)
- Of 331 textbook titles, $67 \%$ are published by ten major publishers.
- Of 75,227 students, $74 \%$ use textbooks published by the ten major publishers.


## Textbook data distribution in high enrollment classes (>200), Fall 2011

331 unique textbook counts sorted by two categories, 'Top 10 publishers' and 'Other publishers'

| Other |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| publishers |  |
| (110 books) |  |
| $33 \%$ | Top 10 <br> publishers <br> (221 books) <br> $67 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## Textbook data distribution in high enrollment classes (>200), Fall 2011

67\% of 331 unique textbook counts sorted by top 10 publishers


## Textbook data distribution in high enrollment classes (>200), Fall 2011

75,227 (non-unique) student counts sorted by two categories, 'Top 10 publishers' and 'Other publishers'


## Textbook data distribution in high enrollment classes (>200), Fall 2011

74\% of 75,227 (non-unique) student counts sorted by top 10 publishers


## Textbook Usage at Michigan

In terms of both textbook and student counts, the same six commercial publishers make it on the list.

By textbook count:

- Pearson 30\%
- McGraw-Hill 12\%
- Elsevier
- Cengage
- Macmillan 9\%
- Wiley

By enrollment:

- Pearson

31\%

- Macmillan

14\%

- Wiley
- McGraw-Hill 10\%
- Cengage

9\%

- Elsevier

7\%

# Textbook Price Comparison 

 Data Source:Large Enrollment Courses (>200), Fall 2011

## Textbook Price Comparison

The following analyses are based on the data and information on 141 textbooks published by:

- Cengage Learning (19)
- Elsevier (20)
- Houghton Mifflin Harcourt (6)
- John Wiley \& Sons (20)
- Macmillan (16)
- McGraw-Hill (17)
- Oxford University Press (14)
- Pearson (29)


## Summary of Findings

- Based on the textbook pricing data gathered from online stores (Amazon, Chegg and CourseSmart), prices vary across different formats.
- Average prices are:
- Purchase new print: 88\% of list price
- Purchase used print: 65\% of list price
- Rent (new/used) print: 43\% of list price
- Rent/subscribe eTextbook: 50\% of list price


## Average Textbook Prices by Format and Vendor Channel (List price set at \$100)

Data source: U of M Textbook Data, Fall 2011, Large Enrollment Courses ( $\mathrm{N}=141$ textbooks)

| BUY |  |  |  |  | RENT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New Prin | extbook | Used Prin | xtbook | Kindle <br> Format | Print | tbook | eText | ook |
| List Price | Amazon | Amazon | Chegg | Amazon | Amazon (trade-in) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Chegg } \\ \text { (180 days) } \end{gathered}$ | CourseSmart <br> (180 days) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Chegg } \\ \text { (180 days) } \end{gathered}$ |
| \$100 | \$77 | \$66 | \$64 | \$56 | \$42 | \$44 | \$55 | \$61 |
| \$88 |  | \$65 |  | \$56 | \$43 |  | \$58 |  |

Note: Amazon trade-in option allows a customer to receive only an Amazon gift card, not cash.

These findings shifted our focus to the following questions:
Q. What do we know about student preference for textbook format?
Q. What do we know about Michigan student's textbook buying behavior and spending patterns?

To answer these questions, we conducted a student survey in February 2012.

# Student Survey, Winter 2012 Discussion of Survey Results 

## Target Courses and Response Rate

| Class code | Total enrollment | Survey <br> responses | Response <br> rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ANTHRBIO 161 | 216 | 95 | $44 \%$ |
| BIO 305 | 411 | 128 | $31 \%$ |
| CHEM 216 | 934 | 269 | $29 \%$ |
| MCDB 310 | 210 | 71 | $34 \%$ |
| POLSCI 160 | 234 | 77 | $33 \%$ |
| PSYCH 250 | 578 | 125 | $22 \%$ |
| TOTAL | 2583 | 765 | $30 \%$ |

## Textbook Information of Surveyed Courses

| Course | Textbook Title | Author(s) | Edition | Publisher | Year of publication | Print list price | Bundle (Print + eText) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ANTHRBIO 161 | How Humans Evolved | Robert Boyd and Joan B. Silk | 6th | W.W. Norton | 2011 | \$111 | NA |
| Biology 305 | Introduction to Genetic Analysis | Anthony J.F. Griffiths et al. | 10th | W.H. Freeman | 2010 | \$137.99 | NA |
| Chemistry 216 | Organic Chemistry: Structure and Reactivity | Seyhan N. Ege | 5th | Houghton Mifflin Harcourt | 2004 | \$225 | NA |
|  | Making the Connections: A How-To Guide for Organic Chemistry Lab Techniques | Anne B. Padias | 2nd | Hayden McNeil | 2011 | \$65 | NA |
|  | Lab Manual: Synthesis and Characterization of Organic Compounds | Department of Chemistry | Custom | UM Custom | 2012 | \$35 | NA |
| MCDB 310 | Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry | David L. Nelson and Michael M. Cox | 5th | W.H. Freeman | 2008 | \$199.95 | \$206.95 |
| Political Science$160$ | World Politics: Interests, Interactions, and Institutions | Jeffry A. Frieden, David A. Lake, and Kenneth A. Schultz | 1st | W.W. Norton | 2009 | \$73.75 | NA |
|  | Cases in International Relations | Donald M. Snow | 5th | Pearson | 2012 | \$53.80 | NA |
| Psychology 250 | The Developing Person Through the Life Span | Kathleen Stassen Berger | 8th | Worth Publishers | 2011 | \$121.86 | NA |

## Selected Survey Questions

- In general, which of the following textbook formats would you prefer to use? 1) New print text only, 2) Used print text only, 3) Both print and eText, 4) eText Only, 5) No format preference, 6) Don't know.
- How much did you spend on your textbooks?
- How did you obtain the copy of your textbooks?
- Do you plan to sell back any of your print textbooks at the end of the semester?


## Demographics




Prefer not to answer



Textbook Format Preference

## Summary of Findings

- Approximately 75\% of students prefer print textbooks.
- This is consistent with other results from previously conducted student surveys at the University of Michigan.
- This also seems consistent with other empirical findings from existing literature that supports the argument of student preference for print textbooks.
- Preference for eText remains small, but is definitely growing, when compared to previous student surveys over the last 3 years.



## What Influences Student's Textbook Format Choice?

## Summary of Findings

- There is no single strong factor that determines a student's choice for textbook format.
- Several equally important influencing factors include:
- Textbook cost
- Personal preference
- Textbook as required vs. optional reading



## How Do Students Obtain Copies of Textbooks?

## Summary of Findings

- $63 \%$ of students reported that they purchase (new or used) print textbooks.
- $16 \%$ of students reported they rent print textbooks. This is a much higher percentage than initially expected.
- $10 \%$ of students reported they never obtain a copy of textbooks.
- Only $2 \%$ of students reported they use library copies.
- There is no statistically significant difference across disciplines (natural science/social science) in student's textbook buying patterns.
- There is a statistically significant difference across the types of textbooks (optional/required) in student's textbook buying patterns; i.e. more "required" books are bought than the "optional".
- There is a statistically significant difference across publication years in student's textbook buying patterns; i.e. recently published books are bought at a somewhat higher rate.



## Student Distribution of Buying Patterns by Discipline

|  | PAID FOR TEXTBOOK |  |  |  | DID NOT PAY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | BUY |  | RENT |  |  |
|  | New Print Textbook | Used Print Textbook | Print Textbook | eTextbook |  |
| All survey respondents | 31\% | 32\% | 16\% | 1\% | 20\% |
| Social Science | 32\% | 25\% | 27\% | 1\% | 15\% |
| Natural Science | 30\% | 37\% | 9\% | 1\% | 23\% |
| ANTHRBIO 161 | 40\% | 9\% | 33\% | 1\% | 17\% |
| BIO 305 | 17\% | 40\% | 14\% | 0\% | 29\% |
| CHEM 216 | 38\% | 29\% | 9\% | 0\% | 25\% |
| MCDB 310 | 34\% | 41\% | 5\% | 2\% | 18\% |
| POLSCI 160 | 39\% | 39\% | 14\% | 1\% | 8\% |
| PSYCH 250 | 18\% | 28\% | 35\% | 1\% | 18\% |

## Student Distribution of Buying Patterns by Textbook Price and Publication Year

|  | PAID FOR TEXTBOOK |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Textbook Buying Patterns: To Pay or Not to Pay for Textbooks?

## Summary of Findings

- $80 \%$ of students reported that they paid part or full price for their textbooks.
- $20 \%$ of students reported that they paid nothing for their textbooks.
- $10 \%$ of students reported that they borrowed or shared the copy of textbooks.




## To Sell or Not to Sell Back (Print) Textbooks?

## Summary of Findings

- About 60\% of students reported that they would planned to sellback their textbooks at the end of the semester.
- When asked about their previous experience selling back, more than a majority (53\%) said they experienced difficulty in selling back.




# What Influences Student's Textbook Purchasing Behavior? 

## Summary of Findings

- Senior year students are less likely to buy textbooks than underclass students.
- If students have an interest in selling back their textbooks, they are more likely to buy them.
- If students are more cost-conscious, they are less likely to buy textbooks.
- If textbooks are more expensive, students are less likely buy textbooks.
- Gender does not make any (statistically significant) difference in willingness to buy textbooks.
- Course subjects (Natural Science or Social Science) do not make any (statistically significant) difference in willingness to buy textbooks.

Logit model for student textbook purchasing

| Explanatory Variable | Coefficient | Std. Err | z | p-value |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Discipline (Natural Science/Social Science) | -0.326 | 0.209 | -1.56 |  |
| Gender | -0.101 | 0.143 | -0.70 |  |
| Undergraduate school year | -0.324 | 0.082 | -3.93 | $<.01$ |
| Student's sellback interest | 0.955 | 0.157 | 6.07 | $<.01$ |
| Student's textbook format preference | -0.192 | 0.056 | -3.39 | $<.01$ |
| Student's cost-consciousness | -0.587 | 0.178 | -3.28 | $<.01$ |
| Textbook price | 0.005 | 0.001 | -4.68 | $<.01$ |
| Constant | 3.339 | 0.331 | 10.1 | $<.01$ |

All tests of significance are one-tailed with robust standard errors.
Number of observations $=1248$
Prob>chi2 $=0.000$
Log likelihood $=554.9$

# What are the Implications for Textbook Cost-saving Analysis? 

## Summary of Findings and Implications

- We prepared two different textbook price/cost charts as shown in the next slide.
- In the first set, we used data from Amazon, Chegg, and CourseSmart to identify a variation of textbook prices based on format and vender channel. Textbook prices vary between 43\% and $88 \%$ of a list price.
- In the second set, we used survey data of student buying patterns at UM. Averages are calculated based on survey results. There is a variation between $51 \%$ and $91 \%$.
- These two charts demonstrate how similar the two sets of numbers are, particularly for purchase of used books ( $\$ 65$ from Amazon/Chegg data vs. $\$ 64$ from UM data).
- Based on survey results, $53 \%$ of list price (47\% discount) is a breakeven point to generate student savings from the total textbook cost that UM students are currently paying for textbooks. Given the potential cost for the eTextbook delivery platform, the content discount rate needs to be higher than $47 \%$.


## Average Textbook Price/Cost Based on Two Sets of Data, (List price set at \$100)

Data source: U of M Textbook Data, Fall 2011, Large Enrollment Courses ( $\mathrm{N}=141$ textbooks)

| BuY |  |  |  |  | RENT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New Print Textbook |  | Used Print Textbook |  | Kindle Format | Print Textbook |  | eTextbook |  |
| List Price | Amazon | Amazon | Chegg | Amazon | Amazon (trade-in) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Chegg } \\ \text { (180 days) } \end{gathered}$ | CourseSmart (180 days) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Chegg } \\ \text { (180 days) } \end{gathered}$ |
| \$100 | \$77 | \$66 | \$64 | \$56 | \$42 | \$44 | \$55 | \$61 |
| \$88 |  | \$65 |  | \$56 | \$43 |  | \$58 |  |

Data source: U of M Student Survey, Winter 2012 ( $\mathrm{N}=1265$ textbooks; Social Science 266, Natural Science 904)

|  | BUY |  | RENT |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | New Print Textbook | Used Print Textbook | Kindle <br> Format | Print Textbook | eTextbook |
| All survey respondents | $\$ 91$ | $\$ 64$ | NA | $\$ 51$ | $\$ 55$ |
| Social Science | $\$ 95$ | $\$ 74$ | NA | $\$ 55$ | $\$ 65$ |
| Natural Science | $\$ 84$ | $\$ 60$ | NA | $\$ 45$ | $\$ 45$ |

## Average Textbook Price/Cost (\% of list price) Based on Example Mix of Buying Patterns at UM

|  | Average for those who didn't pay for textbook | Average for those who paid for textbook | Average for total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All survey respondents | 0\% of list price | 68\% of list price | 53\% of list price |
| Social Science | 0\% | 75\% | 66\% |
| Natural Science | 0\% | 68\% | 48\% |
| CHEM 216 <br> (Total) | 0\% of list price | 62\% of list price | 48\% of list price |
| CHEM 216 <br> (Required lab maunal, 2012, \$35) | 0\% | 90\% | 86\% |
| CHEM 216 <br> (Required textbook, 2011, \$65) | 0\% | 43\% | 30\% |
| CHEM 216 <br> (Optional textbook, 2004, \$220) | 0\% | 46\% | 28\% |
| POLSCI 160 (Total) | 0\% of list price | 78\% of list price | 72\% of list price |
| POLSCI 160 <br> (Required textbook, 2012, \$54) | 0\% | 76\% | 70\% |
| POLSCI 160 <br> (Required textbook, 2009, \$74) | 0\% | 80\% | 74\% |

## Student Savings and Breakeven Point



